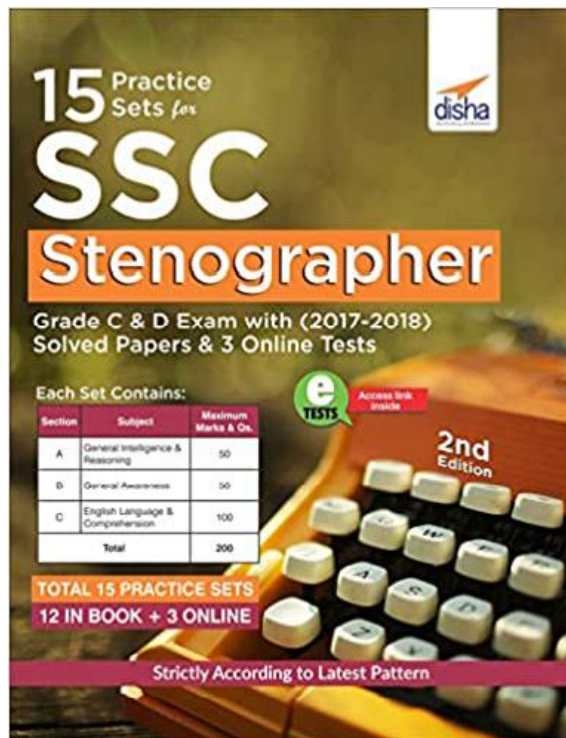


# Practice Set for SSC Stenographer Exam 2020

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# PRACTICE SET-3

Time : 2 Hours

Max. Marks : 200

## GENERAL INTELLIGENCE & REASONING

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 1-5):** Select the related letter/word/number from the given alternatives:

- CFIL : ABCD :: ? : WXYZ  
(a) ZYXW (b) DCBA  
(c) JHPS (d) YBEH
- $L \times M : 12 \times 13 :: U \times W : ?$   
(a)  $21 \times 23$  (b)  $24 \times 26$   
(c)  $9 \times 11$  (d)  $12 \times 23$
- Man : Mammal :: ?  
(a) Liberty : Literate (b) Hail : Snow  
(c) Native : Inhabitant (d) Offspring : Family
- $6 : 2 :: 8 : ?$   
(a) 5 (b) 1  
(c) 3 (d) 7
- CFIL : XURO :: ORUX : ?  
(a) MJFC (b) ROLI  
(c) RITO (d) LIFC

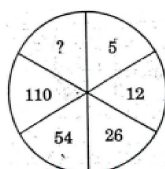
**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 6-9):** Select the one which is different from the other three responses.

- (a) Foal (b) Hen  
(c) Lamb (d) Leveret
- (a) BADC (b) XWZY  
(c) VUST (d) NMPO
- (a) (1, 0) (b) (2, 3)  
(c) (3, 8) (d) (4, 27)
- (a) (96, 24) (b) (39, 18)  
(c) (81, 54) (d) (82, 64)

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 10-11):** In the following questions select the missing number from the given responses.

- |    |     |     |
|----|-----|-----|
| 96 | 100 | 132 |
| 6  | 4   | 6   |
| 5  | 7   | 3   |
| 21 | 32  | ?   |

  
 (a) 32 (b) 20 (c) 25 (d) 30



- (a) 132 (b) 122 (c) 222 (d) 212

- If  $4 \times 2 \times 6 = 1626$ ,  $3 \times 7 \times 4 = 974$ , then  $5 \times 6 \times 8 = ?$

- (a) 3658 (b) 2568  
(c) 5664 (d) 6456

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 13-14):** In the following questions two/three statements are given and these statements are followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements, disregarding commonly known facts.

**Give answer:**

- (a) If only I conclusion follows  
(b) If only II conclusion follows  
(c) If both I and II follow  
(d) If neither I nor II follows

**(13-14) Statements:** All fans are bulbs.  
All wires are holders.  
Some wires are bulbs.

13. **Conclusions:** I. At least some fans are wires.  
II. All holders being fans is a possibility.

14. **Conclusions:** I. All fans being holders is a possibility.  
II. Some holders are bulbs.

**DIRECTIONS (15-16):** Study the information and answer the following questions:

In a certain code language "Exam results may declare soon" is coded as "vx fa ba sx tz" "The unnecessary surprise of result" is coded as "sx nt oz pq fz" "Result come before the holy" is coded as "lx vt fq nt sx" "Happy holy message surprise soon" is coded as "bq vx cx oz fq"

- What is the code for 'the happy holy'?  
(a) nt fq bq (b) nt fq oz (c) cx nt fq  
(d) Either (a) or (c)
- What is the code for Surprise?  
(a) pq (b) nt (c) st  
(d) oz

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 17-19):** Which one of the given responses would be a meaningful order of the following?

- |             |          |
|-------------|----------|
| 1. Elephant | 2. Cat   |
| 3. Mosquito | 4. Tiger |
| 5. Whale    |          |

  
 (a) 5, 3, 1, 2, 4 (b) 1, 3, 5, 4, 2  
 (c) 3, 2, 4, 1, 5 (d) 2, 5, 1, 4, 3

18. (1) Classroom (2) Desk  
(3) School (4) Community  
(5) Drawer  
(a) (4), (2), (3), (1), (5) (b) (3), (2), (4), (5), (1)  
(c) (4), (3), (1), (2), (5) (d) (1), (2), (3), (4), (5)
19. (1) Gold (2) Ornaments  
(3) Ore (4) Mine  
(5) Process  
(a) (4), (3), (5), (1), (2) (b) (4), (3), (5), (2), (1)  
(c) (3), (4), (5), (1), (2) (d) (2), (1), (5), (4), (3)
20. From the given alternative words, select the word which cannot be formed using the letters of the given word: CUMBERSOME  
(a) MOUSE  
(b) SOBER  
(c) ROME  
(d) MERCY
21. Choose the correct alternative to complete the series. Lily, Daisy, Datura, ?  
(a) Sun Flower  
(b) Hibiscus  
(c) Marigold  
(d) Jasmine

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 22-24):** In questions, which one set of letters/numbers when sequentially placed at the gaps in the given letter series shall complete it ?

22. SH \_ ELAS \_ EELA \_ HEELASHEE \_ A  
(a) HHSS (b) EEHS  
(c) ELHA (d) EHSL
23. 12 \_ 41 \_ 34123 \_ \_ 234  
(a) 3212 (b) 2134  
(c) 3241 (d) 1432
24. \_ \_ aba \_ \_ ba \_ ab  
(a) abbbb (b) baabb  
(c) bbaba (d) abbab
25. Find the missing number ?  
2, 5, 10, 17, 26, ?  
(a) 36 (b) 49  
(c) 37 (d) 47

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 26-29):** select the related letters/word/number from the given alternative.

26. 56 : 72 :: 110 : ?  
(a) 132 (b) 99  
(c) 121 (d) 110
27. CAMP : XZKN :: ? : HZOG  
(a) SALT (b) ALSO  
(c) SOUR (d) ARMY
28. HOUSE : WALLS :: WALLS : ?  
(a) CLAY (b) SAND  
(c) BRICKS (d) CEMENT
29. RANDOM : ADMNOR :: PROJECT : ?  
(a) PJORTC (b) PORJCET  
(c) CEOPRTJ (d) CEJOPRT

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 30-32)** find the odd word /number/letters from the given alternatives

30. (a) BCE (b) PQT  
(c) GHJ (d) VWY
31. (a) Degree (b) Octal  
(c) Hexadecimal (d) Binary
32. (a) 2, 15 (b) 7, 25  
(c) 3, 12 (d) 17, 41

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 33-34) :** select the missing number/letters from the given options.

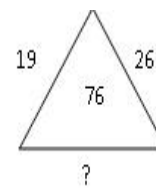
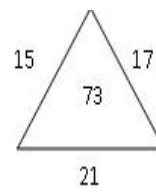
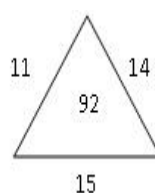
33. 4, 11, 30, 85, ?  
(a) 247 (b) 248  
(c) 250 (d) 251
34. AC, FH, KM, PR, ?  
(a) UW (b) UV  
(c) TV (d) TW
35. If A represents 'x', B represents '+', C represents '-' and D represents '÷', then find the value of 2 A 8 D 5 C 9 B 3?  
(a) 11 (b) 13  
(c) 15 (d) 14

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 36-37) :** In a class of 60 students, the number of boys is double of the number of girls. In a class test, Kapil's rank is 10<sup>th</sup> from the top and there are 3 girls ahead of him in rank.

36. How many boys are below him in rank?  
(a) 31 (b) 32  
(c) 33 (d) 34
37. How many girls are below him in rank?  
(a) 14 (b) 15  
(c) 16 (d) 17
38. Find out the missing number from the given options.

|    |    |    |
|----|----|----|
| 10 | 8  | 12 |
| 8  | 6  | 8  |
| 4  | 8  | 10 |
| 42 | 56 | ?  |

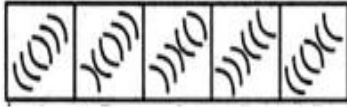
- (a) 40 (b) 54  
(c) 68 (d) 92
39. Which number should replace the question mark in third figure?



- (a) 21 (b) 31  
(c) 41 (d) 51

40. Select a figure amongst the Answer Figures which will continue the same series as established by the five Problem Figures.

**Problem Figures :**



(A) (B) (C) (D) (E)

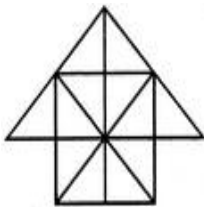
**Answer Figures:**



(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)

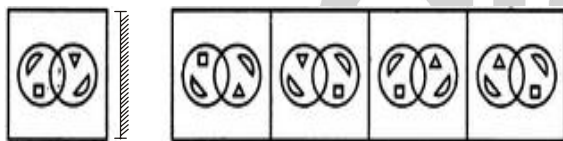
- (a) 1 (b) 2  
(c) 3 (d) 4

41. Count the number of triangles and squares in the given figure.



- (a) 26, 5 (b) 28, 5  
(c) 26, 6 (d) 28, 6

42. Choose the correct mirror image of the given figure (X) from amongst the four alternatives.



(X) (1) (2) (3) (4)

- (a) 1 (b) 2  
(c) 3 (d) 4

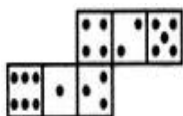
43. Identify the figure that completes the pattern.



(X) (1) (2) (3) (4)

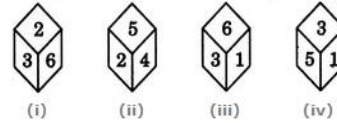
- (a) 1 (b) 2  
(c) 3 (d) 4

44. How many dots lie opposite to the face having three dots, when the given figure is folded to form a cube?



- (a) 2 (b) 4  
(c) 5 (d) 6

45. What is the opposite of 3, if four different positions of dice are as shown below?



- (a) 6 (b) 4  
(c) 3 (d) 2

46. Ramakant walks northwards. After a while, he turns to his right and a little after further to his left. Finally, after walking a distance of one kilometer, he turns to his left again. In which direction he is moving now?

- (a) North (b) South  
(c) East (d) West

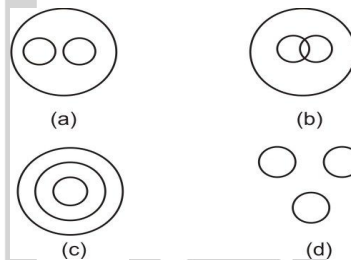
47. A girl introduced a boy as the son of the daughter of the father of her uncle. The boy is girl's

- (a) brother (b) son  
(c) uncle (d) nephew

48. P, Q, R and T answered in an examination. In the result Q was immediately followed by 'P' but no one was there after 'P'. R was ahead of Q, but could not score as much as T. Who scored the second highest?

- (a) P (b) Q  
(c) R (d) t

49. Which of the following diagrams indicates the best relation between Profit, Dividend and Bonus ?



50. In this question, the sets of numbers given in the alternatives are represented. The columns and rows of Matrix are numbered from  $\alpha$  to  $\delta$ . A letter from this matrix can be represented first by its row and next by its column, e.g., 'S' can be represented by  $\delta\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\delta$ , etc., and 'M' can be represented by  $\beta\alpha$ ,  $\gamma\lambda$  etc. Similarly you have to identify the set for the word 'DREAM'

**MATRIX**

|           | $\alpha$ | $\beta$ | $\gamma$ | $\lambda$ | $\delta$ |
|-----------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|
| $\alpha$  | R        | P       | Q        | D         | E        |
| $\beta$   | M        | D       | E        | A         | P        |
| $\gamma$  | Q        | A       | R        | M         | S        |
| $\lambda$ | E        | S       | D        | P         | Q        |
| $\delta$  | T        | M       | S        | R         | A        |

- (a)  $\beta\beta, \delta\delta, \alpha\delta, \gamma\beta, \delta\beta$   
(b)  $\beta\lambda, \delta\lambda, \alpha\delta, \gamma\lambda, \delta\beta$   
(c)  $\beta\lambda, \delta\lambda, \alpha\delta, \gamma\beta, \delta\beta$   
(d)  $\beta\beta, \delta\lambda, \alpha\delta, \gamma\beta, \delta\beta$

# GENERAL AWARENESS

51. Non-violence as taught and practised by Mahatma Gandhi is rooted in the Indian Doctrine of
  - (a) Swaraj
  - (b) Swadeshi
  - (c) Satyagraha
  - (d) Ahimsa
52. The Social Contract theory deals with
  - (a) The Purpose of State
  - (b) The Origin of the State
  - (c) The Nature of State
  - (d) The Functions of State
53. Who was the founder of the Aligarh Movement ?
  - (a) Syed Amir Ali
  - (b) Maulvi Chiragh Ali
  - (c) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
  - (d) Abdul Halim Sharar
54. 'Prince of Pilgrims' was the name attributed to
  - (a) Plutarch
  - (b) Hiuen Tsang
  - (c) Fa-Hien
  - (d) I-Tsing
55. Where did Buddha deliver his first sermon ?
  - (a) Sarnath
  - (b) Rajagriha
  - (c) Kapilavastu
  - (d) Bodh-Gaya
56. Name the Mughal Prince, who translated Bhagavat Gita into Persian ?
  - (a) Dara Shukoh
  - (b) Sulaiman Shukoh
  - (c) Khusru
  - (d) Murad
57. The surgery that was practised in ancient India is known from the works of which of the following scholars ?
  - (a) Atreya
  - (b) Sushruta
  - (c) Charaka
  - (d) Vagbhata
58. 'Eutrophication' is associated with
  - (a) Nitrates and Phosphates
  - (b) Sewage
  - (c) Silt load
  - (d) Vegetation
59. The BSE Sensex is based on how many stocks ?
  - (a) 80
  - (b) 100
  - (c) 30
  - (d) 50
60. The funds raised by the Government within the country is known as
  - (a) Domestic budgetary source
  - (b) Domestic banking source
  - (c) Domestic saving source
  - (d) Domestic monetary source
61. Sick units are referred to
  - (a) SIA
  - (b) DGTD
  - (c) FIPB
  - (d) BIFR
62. The concept 'Duopoly' was introduced by
  - (a) Sweezy
  - (b) Malthus
  - (c) Ricardo
  - (d) Cournot
63. Which of the following is the feature of monopolistic competition ?
  - (a) Single firm
  - (b) Large number of firms
  - (c) Group of firms
  - (d) None of the above
64. The Supreme Court of India offers advice to the President on matters of Legal, Public or Constitutional importance based on
  - (a) Article-148
  - (b) Article-129
  - (c) Article-147
  - (d) Article-143
65. Which is the most effective means of executive control of administration ?
  - (a) Financial administration
  - (b) Political direction
  - (c) Appointment and removal of top officials
  - (d) Subordinate legislation
66. Violation of 'Rule of Law' arises mostly from
  - (a) Lack of Checks and Balances
  - (b) Executive's Quasi-Judicial Powers
  - (c) Limited Franchise
  - (d) Delegated Legislation
67. The best way to maintain a natural equilibrium between the pest and predator is by using
  - (a) insecticides
  - (b) biological control
  - (c) pesticides
  - (d) herbicides
68. 'Dry ice' is the condensed form of
  - (a) sulphur tri-oxide
  - (b) carbon dioxide
  - (c) highly cooled water
  - (d) oxygen
69. The materials which are strongly attracted by magnet are called
  - (a) ferro-magnetic substances
  - (b) universal substances
  - (c) para-magnetic substances
  - (d) dia-magnetic substances
70. In a pin-hole camera, we usually get
  - (a) erect impression
  - (b) inverted impression
  - (c) erect image
  - (d) inverted image
71. What happens to the kinetic energy of gas molecules with rise of temperature ?
  - (a) Remains same
  - (b) Fluctuates
  - (c) Increases
  - (d) Decreases
72. Who invented the modem ?
  - (a) Apple Computers Inc.
  - (b) Digital Equipment Corporation
  - (c) Wang Laboratories Ltd.
  - (d) AT&T Information Systems
73. What is the name given to the smallest unit of data space available in a spreadsheet software application ?
  - (a) Row
  - (b) Block
  - (c) Cell
  - (d) Pixel
74. The land between two rivers is called
  - (a) Natural Levees
  - (b) Alluvial Cones
  - (c) Braided Stream
  - (d) Doab
75. Which year is called as the 'Demographic divide' ?
  - (a) 1941
  - (b) 1921
  - (c) 1901
  - (d) 1931
76. Which country has a high density of population ?
  - (a) India
  - (b) Canada
  - (c) Sweden
  - (d) Greenland

77. The iron and steel plant in Chhattisgarh is at  
(a) Burnpur (b) Salem  
(c) Bhilai (d) Bokaro
78. The sex of a child is determined  
(a) six to seven weeks after conception  
(b) in the third month of pregnancy  
(c) at the time of sperm's entry  
(d) at the time of fertilisation of ovum
79. The food chain of the ecosystem is maintained by the activities of  
(a) Decomposers (b) Predators  
(c) Producers (d) Consumers
80. Which one of these primates is closest to the modern man ?  
(a) Orang-utan (b) Chimpanzee  
(c) Gorilla (d) Gibbon
81. A gram of fertile agricultural soil may contain bacteria upto  
(a) five million  
(b) one billion and above  
(c) fifty thousand  
(d) five hundred thousand
82. The leading sesame producing country in the world is  
(a) Mexico (b) U.S.A.  
(c) China (d) India
83. What is the name of the currency of Bangladesh ?  
(a) Taka (b) Lek  
(c) Dinar (d) Peso
84. The famous car (chariot) festival is held at  
(a) Puri (b) Gwalior  
(c) Bhopal (d) Konark
85. The most literate Union Territory in India is  
(a) Chandigarh (b) Lakshadweep  
(c) Delhi (d) Pondicherry
86. The first Secretary-General of the United Nations was  
(a) U. Thant  
(b) Dr. Kurt Waldheim  
(c) Dag Hammarskjold  
(d) Trygve Lie
87. The book "Tinderbox : The Past and Future of Pakistan" is written by  
(a) Jamil Ahmad  
(b) Khatija Akbar  
(c) Khurram Iqbal  
(d) M.J. Akbar
88. A reduction reaction involves  
(a) addition of oxygen  
(b) addition of nitrogen  
(c) addition of hydrogen  
(d) None of the above
89. An antiknock for petrol is  
(a) Sodium hydroxide  
(b) Ethanol  
(c) Sodium benzoate  
(d) Lead tetraethyl
90. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched ?  
(a) Vitamin C - Scurvy  
(b) Vitamin K - Clotting of blood  
(c) Vitamin A - Night blindness  
(d) Vitamin E - Rickets
91. The fibre that will yield ammonia when destructively distilled is  
(a) Wool (b) Cellulose acetate  
(c) Cotton (d) Silk
92. During respiration, energy is derived from  
(a) ATP (b) Chlorophyll  
(c) RNA (d) DNA
93. When was a global network of daily temperature records created ?  
(a) Around 1890 (b) Around 1920  
(c) Around 1800 (d) Around 1850
94. Sex hormones are  
(a) Vitamins (b) Alkanes  
(c) Carbohydrates (d) Steroids
95. Synagogue is the place of worship of  
(a) Zoroastrianism (b) Taoism  
(c) Judaism (d) Shintoism
96. 49th International Film Festival of India (IFFI) has been concluded in-  
(a) New Delhi (b) Singapore  
(c) New York (d) Goa
97. Naval exercise between India and the United Kingdom, KONKAN held in-  
(a) Lakshadweep (b) Pondicherry  
(c) Daman (d) Goa
98. Which state has become first Indian state to launch a single emergency number "112" recently?  
(a) Madhya Pradesh (b) West Bengal  
(c) Gujarat (d) Himachal Pradesh
99. Who is the present Union Minister of Health and Family Welfare?  
(a) Nitin Gadkari (b) JP Nadda  
(c) Suresh Prabhu (d) Prakash Javadekar
100. Raksha Mantri Smt Nirmala Sitharaman has formally launched 'Mission Raksha Gyan Shakti', in-  
(a) Mumbai (b) Kolkata  
(c) Shimla (d) New Delhi

### ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMPREHENSION

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 101-110):** In the following questions parts of the sentences have errors and some are correct. Find out which part of a sentence has an error. If a sentence is free from error, your answer is (d) i.e., 'No error'.

101. We have spent most of the profits(a)/ that we earn last year (b)/ on purchasing new computers. (c)/ No error (d)
102. His continually defending his stand (a)/ on the issue has risen (b)/ doubts in the mind of the jury (c)/. No error (d)
103. In these statements that are followed by two conclusions, (a)/ relationship between different elements (b)/ are shown in the statements (c)/. No error (d)
104. We have inherited tradition of secrecy (a)/about the budget from Britain where the system (b)/ has been strongly attacked by eminent economists (c)/. No error (d)
105. Eleven years after it first put forward in the Parliament, (a)/ the Rajya Sabha has finally adopted (b)/ a goods and services tax (c)/. No error (d)

106. I asked her how could she go out with Ram (a)/ to watch a movie (b)/ if it started raining yesterday (c)/. No error (d)
107. James sat there in stunned silence (a)/as however persuasive she was (b)/she just can't convince him (c)/. No error (d)
108. Chetan Bhagat must be a good writer (a)/ but not a good speaker, as not any of his lectures (b)/ have been published (c)/. No error (d)
109. Ashkay Shahrukh has bought not only this Rolls Royce (a)/ but also he brought (b)/ a few Lamborghinis in this city (c)/. No error (d)
110. Being fairly well-built myself, (a)/ without second thought I just reached down (b)/ and lifted my Dad who was slept in bed (c)/. No error (d)

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 111-120):** The sentences have been given in Active/Passive voice. From the given alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the given sentence in Passive/Active voice and mark it in the Answer.

111. He would have written this essay in time.  
(a) The essay was written on time  
(b) This essay would have been written by him in time  
(c) The essay was written by him in time.  
(d) He wrote the essay on time
112. Can we send the parcel tomorrow?  
(a) Can be the parcel sent by us tomorrow?  
(b) Can we be sent by the parcel tomorrow?  
(c) Can the parcel be sent by us tomorrow?  
(d) Can the parcel sent by us tomorrow?
113. He should be polite  
(a) He must be polite  
(b) To be polite is needed by him  
(c) He needs to be polite  
(d) None of the these
114. They are laughing at you.  
(a) You are being laughed by them.  
(b) You are being laughed at by them.  
(c) You are laughed at by them.  
(d) You are being laughed by us.
115. The fire engulfed the building.  
(a) The building was engulfed in the fire.  
(b) The building was engulfed by the fire.  
(c) The building was engulfed the fire.  
(d) The building was engulfed to the fire.
116. You have to choose a dish.  
(a) A dish have been chosen by you.  
(b) A dish has to be chosen by you.  
(c) A dish has been chosen by you.  
(d) A dish has to choose by you.
117. I am to do it.  
(a) It is to be done by me.  
(b) It is to do by me.  
(c) It should be done by me.  
(d) It has to be done by me.

118. Paint the windows.  
(a) Windows should be painted  
(b) Let the windows be painted  
(c) Let be the windows painted  
(d) Windows are to be paint.
119. Please shut the door and go to sleep,  
(a) The door is to be shut and you are to go to sleep.  
(b) Let the door be shut and you be asleep.  
(c) You are requested to shut the door and go to sleep.  
(d) The door is to be shut and you are requested to sleep.
120. Prepare yourself for the worst.  
(a) You yourself be prepared for the worst  
(b) The worst should be prepared by yourself.  
(c) Be prepared for the worst  
(d) For the worst preparation should be made by you.

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 121-130):** In the following questions a part of the sentence is underlined. Below are given alternatives to the underlined part at (a), (b), (c) which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case 'No improvement' is needed your answer is (d).

121. He has **not and can never** be in the good books of his employer, because he lacks honesty.  
(a) has not and can never been  
(b) has not been and can never be  
(c) has not and cannot be  
(d) No improvement
122. Several of our projects **have delayed because** the equipment we ordered was delivered late.  
(a) have been delayed (b) has to be delayed  
(c) are delaying (d) No improvement
123. Each Tuesday evening **we visit the farmers** in the area and held a meeting to discuss the problems they faced.  
(a) we were visiting the farmers  
(b) we visited the farmers  
(c) we will visit the farmers  
(d) No improvement
124. Govind understood the wisdom behind the sage's words and **work even harder** from that day on.  
(a) works even harder  
(b) worked harder even  
(c) worked even harder  
(d) No improvement
125. **I beg** you to keep quiet.  
(a) beg of (b) beg from  
(c) beg for (d) No improvement
126. There is nothing **quite miserable** than domestic violence in modern and educated India.  
(a) as miserable (b) very miserable  
(c) more miserable (d) No improvement

127. The fact finding committee has so far not made any **advancement** in Asharam's rape case.  
 (a) progress (b) improvement  
 (c) stride (d) No improvement
128. The angry boys **were** arguing with the Principal since morning.  
 (a) have been (b) was  
 (c) has been (d) No improvement
129. It is high time that the toppers **prepared** hard for the exams.  
 (a) had prepared (b) would prepare  
 (c) have prepared (d) No improvement
130. It is **long since** I saw you last.  
 (a) long ago (b) long time  
 (c) long before (d) No improvement

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 131-135):** In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate and suitable word. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four alternatives.

131. Though impulsive in her personal life, Edna was \_\_\_\_\_ in her work, producing several pages of complicated rhyme in a day.  
 (a) humble (b) dispirited  
 (c) organized (d) sanguine
132. It is very difficult for him to give up smoking as he is an \_\_\_\_\_ smoker.  
 (a) indifferent (b) inveterate  
 (c) insensitive (d) innate
133. At the time of his \_\_\_\_\_ to the Mughal throne, Akbar's empire encompassed Kabul, Kandahar, Delhi and parts of Punjab.  
 (a) descent (b) access  
 (c) assent (d) ascent
134. In Homer's work, Achilles is the Paragon of bravery; Odysseus \_\_\_\_\_ the shrewd man.  
 (a) abhors (b) exemplifies  
 (c) reinvents (d) eschews
135. The boy was \_\_\_\_\_ of cheating in the examination.  
 (a) condemned (b) accused  
 (c) charged (d) caught

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 136-140):** In the following questions, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word.

136. SPURIOUS  
 (a) Particular (b) Fake  
 (c) Fictional (d) True
137. LATENT  
 (a) Obstruct (b) Confuse  
 (c) Hidden (d) Expose
138. GLOSSARY  
 (a) list of employees  
 (b) brief explanation  
 (c) right of government  
 (d) catalogues of books

139. REPUDIATE  
 (a) disown (b) protest  
 (c) going backward (d) assign work
140. ZEALOT  
 (a) enthusiastic (b) fanatic  
 (c) glutton (d) Urbane

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 141-145):** In the following question choose the word opposite in meaning to the given word.

141. DISCRIMINATION  
 (a) Motivation (b) Replenishment  
 (c) Bias (d) Equality
142. ENDANGERED  
 (a) Abundant (b) Blissful  
 (c) Protected (d) Livening up
143. APATHY  
 (a) Shallow (b) Native  
 (c) Concern (d) Indifference
144. CONTEMPT  
 (a) Scorn (b) Regard  
 (c) Peace (d) Cheer
145. FALLACY  
 (a) Delusion (b) Deception  
 (c) Affection (d) Honesty

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 146 - 150):** In the following questions a part of the sentence is underlined. Below are given alternatives to the underlined part at (a), (b), (c) which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case 'No improvement' is needed your answer is (d).

146. Walk carefully lest you do not fall.  
 (a) lest you fall  
 (b) lest you should not fall  
 (c) lest you might not fall  
 (d) No improvement
147. Please tell the story in a nutshell.  
 (a) in the nutshell (b) in nutshells  
 (c) in nutshell (d) No improvement
148. My heart goes out to the families of those who died in the accident.  
 (a) to weep for something lost  
 (b) to feel sympathy  
 (c) to feel no sympathy  
 (d) to forget matters
149. Usain Bolt and Michael Phelps, they both knew they will reach a point when they have to call it a day.  
 (a) to conclude engagement  
 (b) to initiate proceedings  
 (c) To work through the day  
 (d) None of these
150. my father came to read out his new jokes, but it all fell flat.  
 (a) were not paid attention to  
 (b) had no effect  
 (c) became completely unnerved  
 (d) faced total failure

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 151-155):** In the following questions, the 1st sentences of the passage are numbered 1 and the rest of the passage is split into four parts and named P, Q, R and S. These four parts are not given in their proper order. Read the sentence and find out which of the four combinations is correct. Then find the correct answer.

151. When you  
(P) which one is closest in meaning  
(Q) read the four sentences in your text book and decide  
(R) to the statement you have heard  
(S) hear a statement.

(a) SRPQ (b) SQPR  
(c) SPQR (d) QPSR

152. Those who  
(P) expect others  
(Q) cannot treat  
(R) should not  
(S) others well

(a) QSRP (b) QPRS  
(c) RPQS (d) SRPQ

153. When I reached my office  
(P) to get home early as I had promised  
(Q) I phoned my mother  
(R) that I wouldn't be able  
(S) to tell her

(a) PQRS (b) RPQS  
(c) QSRP (d) SQPR

154. According to reports  
(P) were still trapped inside  
(Q) bogies of the express  
(R) the wrecked  
(S) some of the passengers

(a) PRQS (b) SPRQ  
(c) PSQR (d) RSQP

155. When he  
(P) did not know  
(Q) he was nervous and  
(R) heard the hue and cry at midnight  
(S) what to do

(a) PQRS (b) QSPR  
(c) RQPS (d) SQPR

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 156- 165):** A sentence has been given in Direct/ Indirect form. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best express the same sentence in Indirect/Direct form.

156. Pressed by his students, the Principal suddenly said I am in no way responsible for the quarrel.

(a) Pressed by his students, the Principal suddenly said that he was in no way responsible for the quarrel.  
(b) Pressed by his students, the Principal suddenly told that he was in no way responsible for the quarrel.

- (c) The Principal suddenly said he was in no way responsible for the quarrel, pressed by his students.  
(d) Pressed by his students, the Principal suddenly said that he is in no way responsible for the quarrel.

157. Deepak said to Mona, "You are punctual".

(a) Deepak told Mona that she is punctual.  
(b) Deepak told Mona that she was punctual.  
(c) Deepak said to Mona that she was punctual.  
(d) Deepak told that Mona was punctual.

158. I said to him, "Let us go out for a walk."

(a) I proposed to him to go out for a walk.  
(b) I proposed to him that let's go out for a walk.  
(c) I proposed him that we should go out for a walk.  
(d) I proposed to him that we should go out for a walk.

159. I said to the villagers, "Let's help the injured men".

(a) I suggested to the villagers we should help the injured men.  
(b) I suggested to the villagers that we should help the injured men.  
(c) I suggested to the villagers that the injured men should be helped.  
(d) I suggested the villagers that we should help the injured men.

160. Ram said to his boss, "Let me go home."

(a) Ram requested his boss to allow him to go home.  
(b) Ram requested to his boss to allow him to go home.  
(c) Ram requested his boss that he should go home.  
(d) Ram requested his boss to allow him for going home.

161. The officer said to the peon, "Let the man go in".

(a) The officer ordered to the peon to allow the man to come in.  
(b) The officer ordered the peon to allow the man to come in.  
(c) The officer ordered the peon to let the man come in.  
(d) The officer ordered the peon to allow him to come in.

162. He said to Akash, "Don't move".

(a) He told Akash not to move.  
(b) He told Akash don't move.  
(c) He said to Akash not to move.  
(d) He told Akash to not to move.

163. He said to me, "Don't go out".

(a) He forbade me to not to go out.  
(b) He forbade me to go out.  
(c) He forbade me not to go out.  
(d) He forbade me to not go out.

164. He said, "I saw him here".

(a) He said that he saw him there.  
(b) He said that he has seen him there.  
(c) He said that he had seen him there.  
(d) He said he had seen him there.

165. He said, "I had gone to New Delhi".

- (a) He said that he had gone to New Delhi.
- (b) He said that he had to go to New Delhi.
- (c) He said that he was gone to New Delhi.
- (d) He said that he had been going to New Delhi.

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 166-185) :** In the following passage, some of the words have been left out. Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer to each question out of the four alternatives and fill in the blanks.

#### PASSAGE - I

Superstition is a (166) in (167), which (168) be explained by the (169) of nature and also not by religion. For (170) a superstitious person believes that a black cat (171) his path will bring him (172). In Brazil, for instance, many people believe that a person can be harmed or even killed by (173) needles in a puppet which (174) the person to be harmed. This is called 'voodoo-magic'. People who do not believe in (175) things consider them superstition.

- |                   |                |
|-------------------|----------------|
| 166. (a) believer | (b) believes   |
| (c) belief        | (d) believe    |
| 167. (a) nothing  | (b) everything |
| (c) anything      | (d) something  |
| 168. (a) can      | (b) cannot     |
| (c) will          | (d) will not   |
| 169. (a) laws     | (b) means      |
| (c) methods       | (d) ways       |
| 170. (a) instance | (b) insistence |
| (c) instant       | (d) Insistent  |
| 171. (a) crosses  | (b) crossed    |
| (c) crossing      | (d) cross      |
| 172. (a) luck     | (b) properties |
| (c) fortune       | (d) misfortune |
| 173. (a) sticking | (b) pulling    |
| (c) pushing       | (d) drawing    |
| 174. (a) points   | (b) pointing   |
| (c) represents    | (d) represent  |
| 175. (a) this     | (b) just       |
| (c) such          | (d) thus       |

#### PASSAGE-II

In Britain, the (176) is very varied. People never know (177) it will be like the next day. The summer is (178) than the winter but even (179) summer the average temperature (180) only 16o C. Sometimes the sun keeps (181) but at other times the sky is covered with clouds and it starts (182). In winter it is sometimes terribly (183), especially in the North to the country. The temperature (184) below 0o C and (185) is often snow and ice.

- |                   |             |
|-------------------|-------------|
| 176. (a) whether  | (b) weather |
| (c) atmosphere    | (d) climate |
| 177. (a) which    | (b) how     |
| (c) why           | (d) when    |
| 178. (a) stronger | (b) heavier |
| (c) warmer        | (d) colder  |

- |                 |             |
|-----------------|-------------|
| 179. (a) in     | (b) at      |
| (c) into        | (d) through |
| 180. (a) has    | (b) was     |
| (c) were        | (d) is      |
| 181. (a) hiding | (b) shining |
| (c) sunny       | (d) shines  |
| 182. (a) rain   | (b) rains   |
| (c) raining     | (d) rained  |
| 183. (a) cooler | (b) cooled  |
| (c) chilled     | (d) chill   |
| 184. (a) falls  | (b) fell    |
| (c) fallen      | (d) falling |
| 185. (a) their  | (b) there   |
| (c) all         | (d) total   |

**DIRECTIONS (Qs. 186-200) :** You have four brief passages with some questions following each passage. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives and mark it in the Answer-Sheet.

#### PASSAGE - 1

The villager has customarily been very conservative in his attitude and approach. He is reluctant to change his traditional way of thinking and doing things. His attitude, in many aspects, is : 'homemade is best'. For instance, most cattle-farmers in the villages, prefer to feed their cows and buffaloes with a home-mix comprising local oilseeds like mustard or cottonseed, pulses, jiggery, salt etc. It takes numerous visits, hard-convincing, dally trials and experience to convince the rural cattle farmer that compound feeds, scientifically formulated, improve the yields of milk, without any incremental costs. The age-old values and attitude towards caste, creed, woman, time and money take time to change. The villager has traditionally been a believer in the philosophy of 'karma' or 'fate'. He has found it more convenient to blame his economic destitution, poor living conditions and straitened social status on 'bhagya', 'karma' or 'fate'. The security that the villagers find in the 'status quo', acts as a disincentive to change and experiment. In the short run, many of these antiquated attitudes, value-system and outlooks are changing, due to improved levels of awareness and education. However, the rate of change is sluggish. Attitudes have fossilised over the centuries, do take time to change.

186. When will you call a person conservative in his attitude and approach?
- (a) When he likes to try out every new idea before accepting it.
  - (b) When he sticks to old ways of thinking and doing.
  - (c) When he solves his problems through tried out methods.
  - (d) When he imputes motives to changeagents.
187. What does the phrase 'homemade is best' imply ?
- (a) The best should not be discarded.
  - (b) Change for the sake of change is not good.
  - (c) People should go in for swadeshi because it is home-made.
  - (d) Whatever is being practiced is better than what is new.
188. What is the best method to convince the average villager about the superiority of a new cattle-feed ?
- (a) Home visits
  - (b) Field demonstration
  - (c) Discussion
  - (d) Distribution of related literature

189. In the following question, four words are given out of which one is correctly spelt. Find the correctly spelt word.

- (a) connaisseur (b) conoisneur  
(c) connoisseur (d) connoisseur

190. According to the passage. What does imply change their conservative attitudes ?

- (a) Numerous visits  
(b) scientifically formulated compound seeds  
(c) status quo  
(d) education and awareness.

### PASSAGE - 2

Ultimately, we all have to decide for ourselves what constitutes failure, but the world is quite eager to give you a set of criteria if you let it. So I think it fair to say that by any conventional measure, a mere seven years after my graduation day, I had failed on an epic scale. An exceptionally short-lived marriage had imploded, and I was jobless, a lone parent, and as poor as it is possible to be in modern Britain, without being homeless. The fears that my parents had had for me, and that I had had for myself, had both, come to pass, and by every usual standard, I was the biggest failure I knew. Now, I am not going to stand here and tell you that failure is fun. That period of my life was a dark one, and I had no idea that there was going to be what the press has since represented as a kind of fairy tale resolution. I had no idea then how far the tunnel extended, and for a long time, any light at the end of it was a hope rather than a reality. So why do I talk about the benefits of failure? Simply because failure meant a stripping away of the inessential. I stopped pretending to myself that I was anything other than what I was, and began to direct all my energy into finishing the only work that mattered to me. Had I really succeeded at anything else, I might never have found the determination to succeed in the one arena I believed I truly belonged. I was set free, because my greatest fear had been realised, and I was still alive, and I still had a daughter whom I adored, and I had an old typewriter and a big idea. And so rock bottom became the solid foundation on which I rebuilt my life. You might never fail on the scale I did, but some failure in life is inevitable. It is impossible to live without failing at something, unless you live so cautiously that you might as well not have lived at all in which case, you fail by default. Failure gave me an inner security that I had never attained by passing examinations. Failure taught me things about myself that I could have learned no other way. I discovered that I had a strong will, and was more discipline than I had suspected; I also found out that I had friends whose value was truly above the price of rubies. The knowledge that you have emerged wiser and stronger from setbacks means that you are, ever after, secure in your ability to survive. You will never truly know yourself, or the strength of your relationships, until both have been tested by adversity. Such knowledge is a true gift, for all that it is painfully won, and it has been worth more than any qualification I ever earned.

191. According to the author, what can be defined as 'failure'?

- (a) Failing on an epic scale  
(b) Not truly knowing yourself  
(c) Living your life so cautiously that you do not fail  
(d) A situation where all your fears come to pass

192. Which of the following is a major benefit of failure according to the passage?

- (a) Failure helps in stripping away the inessential.  
(b) Failure teaches you things which you could not have learnt in any other way.

(c) Failure gives you an inner security which cannot be otherwise attained.

(d) Failure helps you in finding the determination to succeed.

193. Why does the author say that failure is 'inevitable' in life?

- (a) Because nothing can prevent the caprice of fate.  
(b) Because not all of us are well acquainted with failure.  
(c) Because life is difficult and too complicated.  
(d) Because the fear of failure takes precedence over the desire for success.

194. Which of the following is a suitable title for this passage?

- (a) What constitutes failure?  
(b) Failure is inevitable in life  
(c) Failure has its benefits  
(d) A hope rather than a reality

195. According to the author, what is the impact of failure on a person?

- (a) A person emerges wiser and stronger implying that he is secure in his ability to survive.  
(b) A person realises that happiness in life does not depend on the achievements or acquisitions.  
(c) A person realises that his qualifications and CV are not his life.  
(d) A person realises the strength of his relationships by identifying his true friends.

### PASSAGE - 3

Speech is a great blessing but it can also be a great curse, for while it helps us to make our intentions and desires known to our fellows, it can also, if we use it carelessly, make our attitude completely, misunderstood. A slip of the tongue, the use of an unusual word, or of an ambiguous word, and so on, may create an enemy where we had hoped to win a friend. Again, different classes of people use different vocabularies, and the ordinary speech of an educated man may strike an uneducated listener as pompous. Unwittingly, we may use a word which objective general English bears a different meaning to our listener from what it does to men of our own class. Thus speech is not a gift to use lightly without thought, but one which demands careful handling. Only a fool will express himself alike to all kinds and conditions of men.

196. Speech can be a curse, because it can

- (a) reveal our intentions  
(b) lead to carelessness  
(c) hurt others  
(d) create misunderstanding

197. A 'slip of the tongue' means something said

- (a) unintentionally  
(b) wrongly by chance  
(c) without giving proper-thought  
(d) to hurt another person

198. The best way to win a friend is to avoid .....in speech.

- (a) ambiguity (b) verbosity  
(c) propensity (d) irony

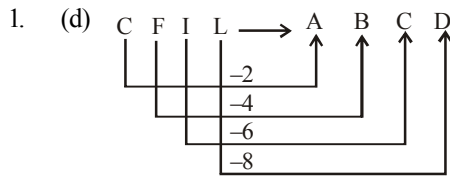
199. While talking to an uneducated person, we should use

- (a) polite language (b) ordinary speech  
(c) his vocabulary (d) simple words

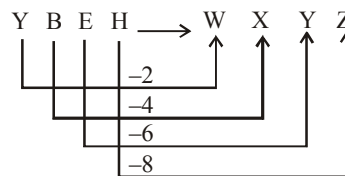
200. If one used the same style of language with everyone, one would sound

- (a) democratic (b) foolish  
(c) boring (d) flat

# Hints & Explanations



Similarly,



2. (a)  $L \times M = 12 \times 13$   
Position Number in the English alphabet series.  
Similarly,

$$U \times W = 21 \times 23$$

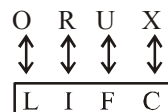
3. (d) Man is a mammal. Man belongs to the class Mammal.  
Similarly, offspring is a part of family.

4. (c) As,  $6 - 2 = 4$ ;  $\frac{4}{2} = 2$

Similarly,

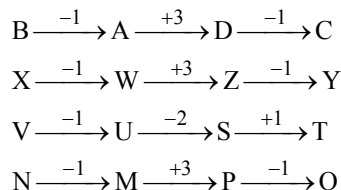
$$8 - 2 = 6; \frac{6}{2} = 3$$

5. (d)
- 
- Pairs of Opposite Letters.  
Similarly,



6. (b) Foal is the young one of a horse or of a related animal.  
Lamb is the young one of the sheep.  
Leveret is the young one of a hare.  
Hen is a female bird especially of a fowl.

7. (c) Here,



8. (b) In the number pair (2, 3) both the numbers are prime numbers.  
9. (d) Except the number pair (82, 64), in all other number pairs both the numbers are multiples of 3.  
 $96 = 32 \times 3$ ;  $24 = 8 \times 3$   
 $39 = 13 \times 3$ ;  $18 = 6 \times 3$   
 $81 = 27 \times 3$ ;  $54 = 18 \times 3$

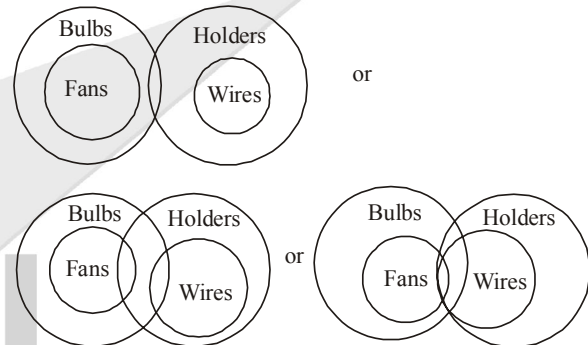
10. (c) Column wise  
Column I  $(96 \div 6) + 5 = 21$   
Column II  $(100 \div 4) + 7 = 32$   
Column II  $(132 \div 6) + 3 = 25$

11. (c) Moving clockwise, the terms are :  
 $5 \times 2 + 2 = 12$   
 $12 \times 2 + 2 = 26$   
 $26 \times 2 + 2 = 54$   
 $54 \times 2 + 2 = 110$

So, missing number =  $110 \times 2 + 2 = 222$

12. (b)  $4 \times 2 \times 6 = 1626 = (4^2)26 = 1626$   
 $3 \times 7 \times 4 = 974 = (3^2)74 = 974$   
 $\therefore 5 \times 6 \times 8 = (5^2)68 = 2568$

**Solutions (13-14) :**



13. (b) Conclusion I : False  
Conclusion II : True  
14. (c) Conclusion I : True  
Conclusion II : True

**Solutions (15-16):**

result = sx  
soon = vx  
the = nt  
surprise = oz  
unnecessary/of = pq/fz  
holy = fq  
come/before = lx/vt  
happy/message = bq/cx

15. (d)

16. (d)

17. (c) Meaningful Order:  
Mosquito → Cat → Tiger → Elephant → Whale  
(3) (2) (4) (1) (5)

18. (c) Meaningful order is :  
Community → School → Classroom → Desk → Drawer  
(4) (3) (1) (2) (5)

19. (a) Meaningful order is :  
Mine → Ore → Process → Gold → Ornaments  
(4) (3) (5) (1) (2)

20. (d) MERCY cannot be formed from the given word CUMBERSOME, as there is no 'Y' in the word.

21. (d) Lily, Daisy, Datura all have outer part white and inner part yellow.  
Jasmine also has outer part white and inner part yellow.
22. (d) S H E E L A / S H E E L A / S H E E L A / S H E E L A
23. (c) 1 2 3 4 / 1 2 3 4 / 1 2 3 4 / 1 2 3 4
24. (d) a b a b a b a b a b a b
25. (c)  $\begin{array}{ccccccccc} 2 & 5 & 10 & 17 & 26 & 37 \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ +3 & +5 & +7 & +9 & +11 & \end{array}$
26. (c)  $15=3*5$ ;  $35=5*7$ ;  $63=7*9$ . So, next number is  $9*11=99$ .
27. (a) 28. (c)
29. (d)  
In the group RANDOM, the order of letters is put according to alphabetical sequence to get ADMNOR. Similarly, PROJECT can be converted to CEJOPRT
30. (b) Except (b), each group has a gap of zero letters between first two letters and a gap of 1 letter between last two letters.
31. (a) Except (a), all are various types of base systems.
32. (c) Except (c), every pair forms a co-prime pair.
33. (b)  
 $4 \times 3 - 1 = 11$ ;  
 $11 \times 3 - 3 = 30$ ;  
 $30 \times 3 - 5 = 85$ ;  
So, next number will be  $85 \times 3 - 7 = 248$ .
34. (a) Between any two consecutive groups, there is a gap of 2 letters. So, after PR, leaving 2 letters gap, we will get UW.
35. (d)  $2 \text{ A } 8 \text{ D } 5 \text{ C } 9 \text{ B } 3 = 2 \times 8 - 5 + 9 \div 3 = 16 - 5 + 3 = 14$
36. (d) Out of 60 students, if number of boys is double of number of girls, then there are 40 boys and 20 girls in the class. Since Kapil's rank is 10<sup>th</sup> and there are 3 girls ahead of him, then remaining 33 boys are below him in rank.
37. (d) Number of girls below kapil =  $20 - 30 = 17$ .
38. (d)  $4 \times 8 + 10 = 42$ ;  $8 \times 6 + 8 = 56$ ;  $10 \times 8 + 12 = 92$
39. (b)  $(11)^2 + (14)^2 - (15)^2 = 92$   
 $(15)^2 + (17)^2 - (21)^2 = 73$ ,  $(19)^2 + (26)^2 - (31)^2 = 76$
40. (c) 41. (b)
42. (b) 43. (d)
44. (d) 45. (b)
46. (d)
47. (a) Daughter of Uncle's father  $\rightarrow$  uncle's sister  $\rightarrow$  mother, Mother 'son  $\rightarrow$  Brother.
48. (c)  $Q > P$  ..... (i)  
 $T > R > Q$  ..... (ii)  
Combining these two statements  $T > R > Q > P$ . Clearly, R scored the second Highest.
49. (b) Bonus and Dividend are different from each other. But both these are parts of profit
50. (d)
51. (d) 52. (b) 53. (c) 54. (b) 55. (a)
56. (a) 57. (b) 58. (a) 59. (c) 60. (a)
61. (d) 62. (d) 63. (c) 64. (d) 65. (c)
66. (a) 67. (b) 68. (b) 69. (a) 70. (b)
71. (c) 72. (d) 73. (c) 74. (d) 75. (b)
76. (a) 77. (c) 78. (d) 79. (a) 80. (b)
81. (b) 82. (d) 83. (a) 84. (a) 85. (b)
86. (d) 87. (d) 88. (c) 89. (d) 90. (d)
91. (a) 92. (a) 93. (b) 94. (d) 95. (c)
96. (d) 97. (d) 98. (d) 99. (b) 100. (d)
101. (b) Change 'earn' into 'earned' as 'last year' denotes 'simple past tense'.
102. (d) No error.
103. (c) Change 'are' into 'is'. 'Relationship' is singular.
104. (d) Add 'the' before 'tradition'.
105. (a) Place 'was' after 'it', as the sentence is in simple past tense and passive form.
106. (a) Put 'could' after 'she' as the sentence is not a question.
107. (c) As the sentence is in simple past tense, change 'can't' into 'couldn't'.
108. (c) Change 'have' into 'has'. 'Any' takes singular helping verb.
109. (b) Remove 'he brought' after 'but also'.
110. (c) Change 'was slept' into 'was asleep' or 'was sleeping'.
111. (b) Modal Perfect changes accordingly.  
Sub + Modal + have + V3 + Object  
to Object + Modal + have + been + V3 + by + Sub.
112. (c) Can + Sub + V1 + object ?  
Can + Object + be + V3 + by + Sub.
113. (d) If any form of 'be' is used as main verb, the sentence can't be turned into passive.
114. (b) Sub + is/are/are/V1 + ing + Object ?  
Object + is/am/are + being + V3 + by + Subject.
115. (a) Sub + V2 + Object ?  
Object + was/were + V3 + by + Subject  
But certain verbs take fixed preposition after them that replace the 'by' of 'by + Sub'.  
For eg. amazed at, tired of, engulfed in filled with..... etc.
116. (b) Subject + has/have/had + to + V1 + object ?  
Object + has/have + had + to + be V3 + by + Sub.
117. (a) Active? To + V1  
Passive? To + be + V3.
118. (b) imperative sentences with object.  
Changes into Let + object + be + V3 in Passive Voice.
119. (c) Imperative sentence with object changes into you are ordered/requested/forbidden etc + to + v1 + object in Passive Voice or Let + object + be + v3 form.
120. (c) Options 'C' fits in the context.
121. (b) If we need two forms of the same verb in a sentence, we need to use both the forms.
122. (a) Sentence is in passive form.
123. (b) The sentence is in past tense.
124. (c) Sentence is in past tense.
125. (a)
126. (c)
127. (a)
128. (a) 'Present perfect continuous tense' is used for an action that started in past and still continuing.
129. (d) 130. (d)

131. (c) Impulsive: acting suddenly without thinking carefully for the result. Organized: arranged or planned in the way mentioned: able to plan your work.
132. (b) Inveterate: always doing something and unlikely to stop.
133. (d) Ascent: A rise to a higher social or professional rank.
134. (b) Exemplify: to be a typical example of something.
135. (b) Accused: A person who is charged with or on trial.  
Hence, Option 'b' fits in the context
136. (a) spurious means false, although seeming to be true'.
137. (c) Latent means 'existing but not very noticeable'.
138. (b) 139. (a)
140. (b)
141. (d) discrimination means the practice of treating somebody less fairly than others
142. (c) endangered means to be in position in which you can be harmed or damaged'
143. (c) 144. (b)
145. (d)
146. (a) The most appropriate phrase will be 'lest you should fall' But out of the given alternatives 'lest you fall' can be used.
147. (d) In a nutshell is the correct use.
148. (b) 149. (a)
150. (b) 151. (b)
152. (a) 153. (c)
154. (b) 155. (c)
156. (a) Reporting verb 'said' in Direct Speech -> Reporting verb 'said that' in Indirect Speech.  
Reported Speech in Present Indefinite Tense in Direct Speech -> Reported Speech in Past Indefinite Tense in Indirect Speech.  
Hence option (a) fits in the context.
157. (b) Reporting verb 'said to' in Direct Speech -> Reporting verb 'told' in Indirect Speech and Reported Speech in Present Indefinite Tense in Direct Speech -> Reported Speech in Past Indefinite Tense in Indirect Speech.
158. (d) When Reported Speech begins with 'Let' in sense of a suggestion in Direct Speech, then Reporting verb 'said' in Direct Speech ? Reporting verb 'proposed'/'suggested' in Indirect Speech  
Conversion Rule is Sub + propose/suggest + to + object + that + Sub + should + V? (1st form) + .....  
Hence options '(d)' fits in the context.
159. (b) Explanation is same as Q.No.58
160. (a) When 'Let' is used to allow in Reported Speech of Direct Narration.  
Then Conversion Rule is:  
Sub + requested/ordered + object + to allow + Sub + to + V? + object + ...
161. (b) Explanation is same as Q.60
162. (a) This is the care of Negative command of Imperative sentence.  
Conversion rule: Sub + asked/told + object + not + to + V? (1st form).  
Hence option A fits in the context.
163. (b) Conversion Rule is: Sub + forbade/forbid + object + to + V?.  
Note: 'forbid' will never take negative words 'no', 'not' ahead of it.  
Hence option B fits in the context.
164. (c) Reported speech in Past Indefinite Tense in Direct Speech ? Reported Speech in Past Perfect Tense in Indirect Speech.  
Hence option C fits in the context.
165. (a) Reported Speech in Past Perfect Tense in Direct Speech remains same in Indirect Speech (i.e. the tense of the verb doesn't change)
166. (c) Belief means 'a strong feeling that something exists'.
167. (d) Out of the given alternatives 'something fits the blank appropriately.
168. (b) In the context of the sentence 'cannot' is the appropriate word.
169. (a) 'laws of nature' is the correct use.
170. (a) For instance means 'for example'.
171. (c) In the context of the sentence 'crossing' is the appropriate word.
172. (d) Misfortune means 'bad luck'.
173. (a) Stick means 'to push a sharp object into something'
174. (c) Out of the given alternatives represents' fits the blank appropriately.
175. (c) In the context of the passage 'such things' is the appropriate use
176. (b) In the context of the passage 'weather' is clearly the appropriate word.
177. (b) All other options are clearly in appropriate.
178. (c) 'Summer is warmer than' is the appropriate phrase.
179. (a) 'but even in summer' is the appropriate phrase.
180. (d) Singular verb of simple present tense is required.
181. (b) In the context of the sentence 'shining' fits the blank appropriately.
182. (c) 'it starts raining' is the appropriate phrase.
183. (d) 'terribly chill' is the appropriate phrase.
184. (a) Present indefinite tense is required here.
185. (b) Out of the given alternatives only 'there' fits the blank appropriately
186. (b) 187. (d) 188. (b) 189. (c)
190. (d) 191. (a) 192. (d) 193. (a)
194. (c) 195. (a) 196. (c) 197. (c)
198. (a) 199. (c) 200. (b)